

Board of Trustees Budget Committee (BBC)

Discussion Material – June 21, 2018

IV. C. Centralization of Services

Source: http://www.evansincorporated.com/centralizing-and-decentralizing/

Centralized	Decentralized
Potential Benefits	
Consistency:	Tailored:
Different branches use similar processes/products and common language	Adapted to unique needs of each branch and able to react faster
Consolidation:	Nimble:
Expertise and information is kept in one unit; People know where to go for this function	Easier to make changes at branch levels and less bureaucracy
Efficiency:	Autonomy and Empowerment:
Processes become more repeatable; redundancies are reduced; easier to document lessons learned	Branches take more ownership over developing an effective function or process
Stature:	Builds local capacity:
Function has a voice closer to, or at, the top of the organization, as opposed to fragmented	Local units develop skills to solve the functional problem
Alignment:	
Decisions more likely to be aligned with overall organizational strategy and priorities	
Authority: More clarity on who owns and makes decisions in the functional area	
Leverage:	
Easier to leverage personnel if they report centrally	
Potential Risks	
Relevancy:	Reporting:
Out of touch with needs of local users or communities	Difficult to monitor and report disparate processes and functions
Resistance:	Resources:
Branches may resist being told how to do things	Local teams may not have the resources or expertise to be fully effective
Bureaucracy and inertia:	Brand:
More difficult to change the function's role in the organization if the organization changes its strategy	Inconsistent experiences or products can compromise the brand of the organization